

Federal Election Integrity Act of 2007 - Davis

HR 101 IH

110th CONGRESS
1st Session
H. R. 101

To amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to prohibit certain State election administration officials from actively participating in electoral campaigns.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 4, 2007

Mrs. DAVIS of California introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on House Administration

A BILL

To amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to prohibit certain State election administration officials from actively participating in electoral campaigns.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the 'Federal Election Integrity Act of 2007'.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that--

- (1) chief State election administration officials have served on political campaigns for Federal candidates whose elections those officials will supervise;
- (2) such partisan activity by the chief State election administration official, an individual charged with certifying the validity of an election, represents a fundamental

conflict of interest that may prevent the official from ensuring a fair and accurate election;

(3) this conflict impedes the legal duty of chief State election administration officials to supervise Federal elections, undermines the integrity of Federal elections, and diminishes the people's confidence in our electoral system by casting doubt on the results of Federal elections;

(4) the Supreme Court has long recognized that Congress's power to regulate Congressional elections under Article I, Section 4, Clause 1 of the Constitution is both plenary and powerful; and

(5) the Supreme Court and numerous appellate courts have recognized that the broad power given to Congress over Congressional elections extends to Presidential elections.

SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON CAMPAIGN ACTIVITIES BY ELECTION ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS.

(a) In General- Title III of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (2 U.S.C. 431 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 319 the following new section:

` CAMPAIGN ACTIVITIES BY ELECTION OFFICIALS

` Sec. 319A. (a) Prohibition- It shall be unlawful for a chief State election administration official to take an active part in political management or in a political campaign with respect to any election for Federal office over which such official has supervisory authority.

` (b) Chief State Election Administration Official- The term `chief State election administration official' means the highest State official with responsibility for the administration of Federal elections under State law.

` (c) Active Part in Political Management or in a Political Campaign- The term `active part in political management or in a political campaign' means--

` (1) serving as a member of an authorized committee of a candidate for Federal office;

- ` (2) the use of official authority or influence for the purpose of interfering with or affecting the result of an election for Federal office;
- ` (3) the solicitation, acceptance, or receipt of a political contribution from any person on behalf of a candidate for Federal office;
- ` (4) the solicitation or discouragement of the participation in any political activity of any person;
- ` (5) engaging in partisan political activity on behalf of a candidate for Federal office; and
- ` (6) any other act prohibited under section 7323(b)(4) of title 5, United States Code (other than any prohibition on running for public office).'

(b) Enforcement- Section 309 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 437g) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

`(d)(1) Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (a), any person who has knowledge that a violation of section 319A has occurred may file a complaint with the Commission. Such complaint shall be in writing, signed and sworn to by the person filing such complaint, shall be notarized, and shall be made under penalty of perjury subject to the provisions of section 1001 of title 18, United States Code. The Commission shall promptly notify any person alleged in the complaint, and shall give such person an opportunity to respond. Not later than 14 days after the date on which such a complaint is filed, the Commission shall make a determination on such complaint.

`(2) If the Commission determines by an affirmative vote of a majority of the members voting that it has reason to believe that a person has committed a violation of section 319A, the Commission shall require the person to pay a civil money penalty in an amount determined under a schedule of penalties which is established and published by the Commission.'